

รายวิชา ภาษาอังกฤษ

รหัสวิชา อ23102 ชั้นมัธยมศึกษาปีที่ 3

หน่วยที่ 7 Tourist Attractions

เรื่อง The Wonder of Thailand

ครูผู้สอน ครูธิรรุณ ศรีสวัสดิ์



Is the sea calm or rough?



Are the waves strong?



Is it safe to swim?



Even though the waves are strong, they are having fun.



The Wonder of Thailand



จุดประสงค์การเรียนรู้

1. รู้และเข้าใจเกี่ยวกับคำสั่นرانที่เชื่อมความขัดแย้งกัน
2. พูดและเขียนเกี่ยวกับสถานที่ท่องเที่ยวโดยใช้คำสั่นرانที่เชื่อมความขัดแย้งกันได้



Contrast Conjunctions



Contrast Conjunctions

What is Contrast Conjunction?

Contrast conjunctions are used to **show opposite ideas, differences, or unexpected results** between two clauses or sentences.



Contrast Conjunctions

1. but (S + V, but + S + V.)

- 🎯 I like English, **but** I don't like grammar.
- 🎯 She is tired, **but** she keeps working.
- 🎯 He studied hard, **but** he failed the exam.
- 🎯 The movie was long, **but** it was interesting.



Contrast Conjunctions

2. **Although** (more formal) is used often in writing.

Although + Subject + Verb, Subject + Verb.

🎯 **Although** it was cold, they went swimming.

🎯 **Although** she was tired, she finished her homework.

🎯 **Although** it was late, we kept talking.



Contrast Conjunctions

2. Although (more formal) is used often in writing.

Subject + Verb + **although** + Subject + Verb.

- 🎯 He won the game **although** he was injured.
- 🎯 They enjoyed the trip **although** it rained all day.
- 🎯 we kept talking **although** it was late.



Contrast Conjunctions

3. Though (informal / spoken English)

Though + Subject + Verb, Subject + Verb.

- 🎯 **Though** he is young, he is very responsible.
- 🎯 **Though** he is busy, he always helps his friends.
- 🎯 **Though** I was afraid, I tried my best.



Contrast Conjunctions

3. Though (informal / spoken English)

Subject + Verb + though + Subject + Verb.

🎯 I enjoyed the trip **though** it was tiring.

🎯 She bought the dress **though** it was expensive.

🎯 She smiled **though** she felt sad.



Contrast Conjunctions

4. Even though (strong contrast) is used to show a strong or surprising contrast.

Subject + Verb + even though + Subject + Verb.

- 🎯 She went to school **even though** she was sick.
- 🎯 He kept running **even though** he was tired.
- 🎯 They went outside **even though** it was cold.



Contrast Conjunctions

4. Even though (strong contrast) is used to show a strong or surprising contrast.

Even though + Subject + Verb, Subject + Verb.

🎯 **Even though** she felt nervous, she spoke in front of the class.

🎯 **Even though** she was scared, she helped the injured man.



Contrast Conjunctions

5. Important Rule (Very Important!)

 Do NOT use **but** with although though even though

 ~~Although it was raining, but we stayed inside.~~



Although it was raining, we stayed inside.



It was raining, but we stayed inside.



ใบความรู้ที่ 1 Contrast Conjunctions
หน่วยการเรียนรู้ที่ 7 เที่ยว Tourist Attractions
แผนการจัดการเรียนรู้ที่ 4 เที่ยว The Wonder of Thailand
รายวิชา ภาษาอังกฤษ รหัสวิชา อ23102 ภาคเรียนที่ 2 ชั้นมัธยมศึกษาปีที่ 3

Contrast Conjunctions

คำสัมภาน (Conjunctions) หรือที่เรียกว่า “คำเชื่อม” บ้าม่าใช้เพื่อเชื่อมคำหรือข้อความให้ติดต่อเป็นเรื่องเดียวกัน ประโยชน์คือจะช่วยแสดงถึงความส่วนตัว เช่น สำหรับในบทเรียนนี้ นักเรียนจะได้เรียนรู้คำสัมภานเชื่อมความขัดแย้งกัน ได้แก่ 1) but 2) although และ 3) even though

BUT มีความหมายว่า “แต่” เป็นคำที่ใช้เชื่อมความที่มิใช่ความขัดแย้งกัน เช่น

The destination was quite far away, but the hikers didn't give up and kept walking up the mountain.

ALTHOUGH มีความหมายว่า “แม้ว่า...” เป็นคำที่ใช้เชื่อมความที่มิใช่ความขัดแย้งกัน และเป็นคำที่ใช้ในการเชื่อมหรือการกฎที่เป็นทางการ เช่น

My friends and I managed to wake up at 3AM to see the sunrise at the cliff although we were so tried and wanted to go back to bed.

เมื่อใช้ประโยชน์อย่างที่มี Although ขึ้นต้นประโยค ให้ใส่เครื่องหมายถูกหน้า (,) เมื่อจบประโยคนั้น เช่น

Although my friends and I were so tired and wanted to go back to bed, we managed to wake up at 3AM to see the sunrise at the cliff.

EVEN THOUGH มีความหมายว่า “แม้ว่า...” เช่นเดียวกันกับ Although แต่ใช้ในการเน้นย้ำความขัดแย้งในระดับที่มากขึ้น

Even though he had enough money, he refused to buy a house because he wanted to spend all his money on a round-the-world journey.



ใบความรู้ที่ 1

เรื่อง Contrast Conjunctions



ใบงานที่ 1 เรื่อง Contrast Conjunctions
พิมพ์การเรียนรู้ที่ 7 เรื่อง Tourist Attractions
แผนการจัดการเรียนรู้ที่ 4 เรื่อง The Wonder of Thailand
รายวิชา ภาษาอังกฤษ รหัสวิชา อ23102 ภาคเรียนที่ 2 ชั้นมัธยมศึกษาปีที่ 3

Name..... No..... Class.....

Instructions: Read each sentence. Rewrite it using the correct conjunction: **but**, **although**, or **even though**.

1. Wat Phra Kaew is very crowded. It's amazing to see. (**although**)

2. The road to Pai is long. It has beautiful scenery. (**but**)

3. I was scared of heights. I went ziplining in Chiang Mai. (**even though**)

4. The night market was noisy. We had fun shopping. (**but**)

5. The Erawan Waterfall was slippery. I enjoyed swimming. (**although**)

6. Doi Suthep is up on a mountain. Many tourists climb the stairs to reach it. (**but**)

7. I don't like spicy food. I tried Som Tam at the floating market. (**even though**)

8. We got lost in Ayutthaya. We still enjoyed exploring the temples. (**but**)

9. The boat ride at Damnoen Saduak was slow. We saw many interesting things. (**although**)

10. It was raining in Hua Hin. We played on the beach. (**even though**)

ใบงานที่ 1



เรื่อง Contrast Conjunctions

Instructions: Read each sentence. Rewrite it using the correct conjunction: **but**, **although**, or **even though**.



ใบงานที่ 1

Instructions: Read each sentence. Rewrite it using the correct conjunction: but, although, or even though.

1. **Wat Phra Kaew is very crowded. It's amazing to see. (although)**

Although Wat Phra Kaew is very crowded, it's amazing to see.



ใบงานที่ 1

Instructions: Read each sentence. Rewrite it using the correct conjunction: but, although, or even though.

2. The road to Pai is long. It has beautiful scenery.

(but)

The road to Pai is long, but it has beautiful scenery.



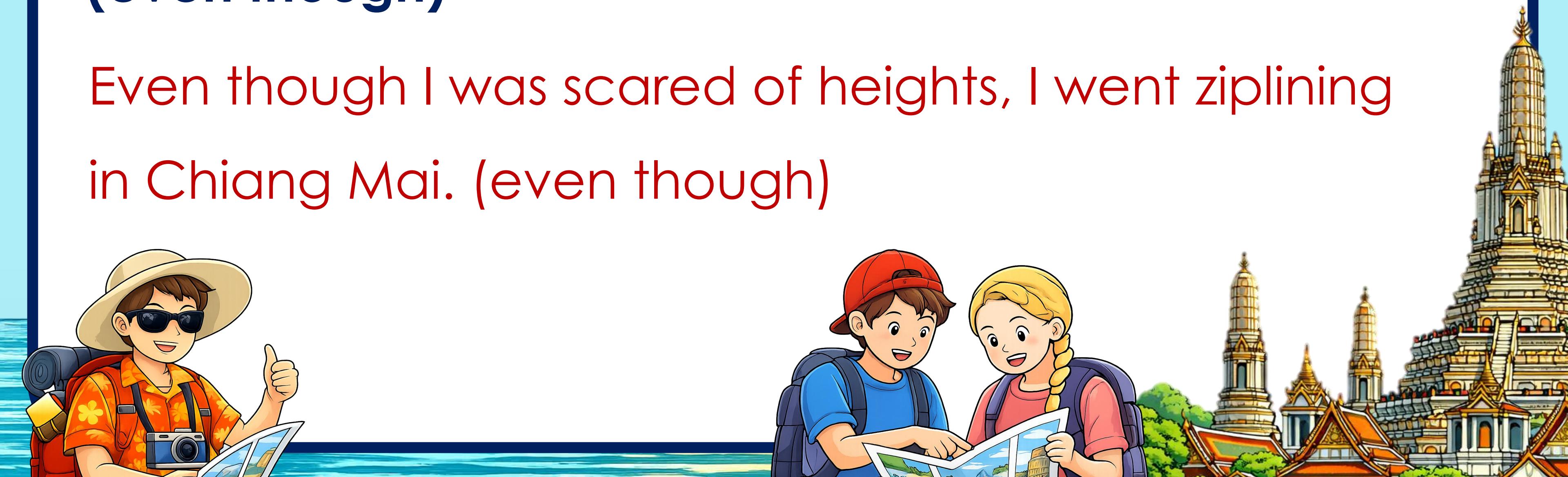
ใบงานที่ 1

Instructions: Read each sentence. Rewrite it using the correct conjunction: but, although, or even though.

3. I was scared of heights. I went ziplining in Chiang Mai.

(even though)

Even though I was scared of heights, I went ziplining in Chiang Mai. (even though)



ใบงานที่ 1

Instructions: Read each sentence. Rewrite it using the correct conjunction: but, although, or even though.

4. **The night market was noisy. We had fun shopping. (but)**

The night market was noisy, but we had fun shopping.

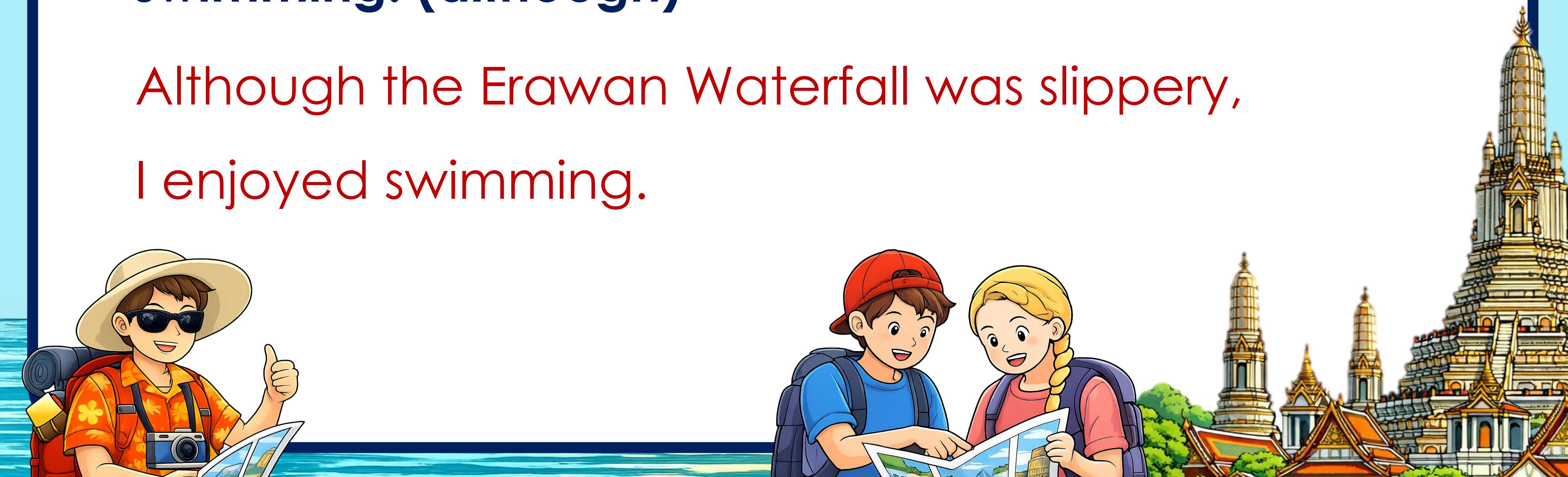


ใบงานที่ 1

Instructions: Read each sentence. Rewrite it using the correct conjunction: but, although, or even though.

5. The Erawan Waterfall was slippery. I enjoyed swimming. (although)

Although the Erawan Waterfall was slippery,
I enjoyed swimming.

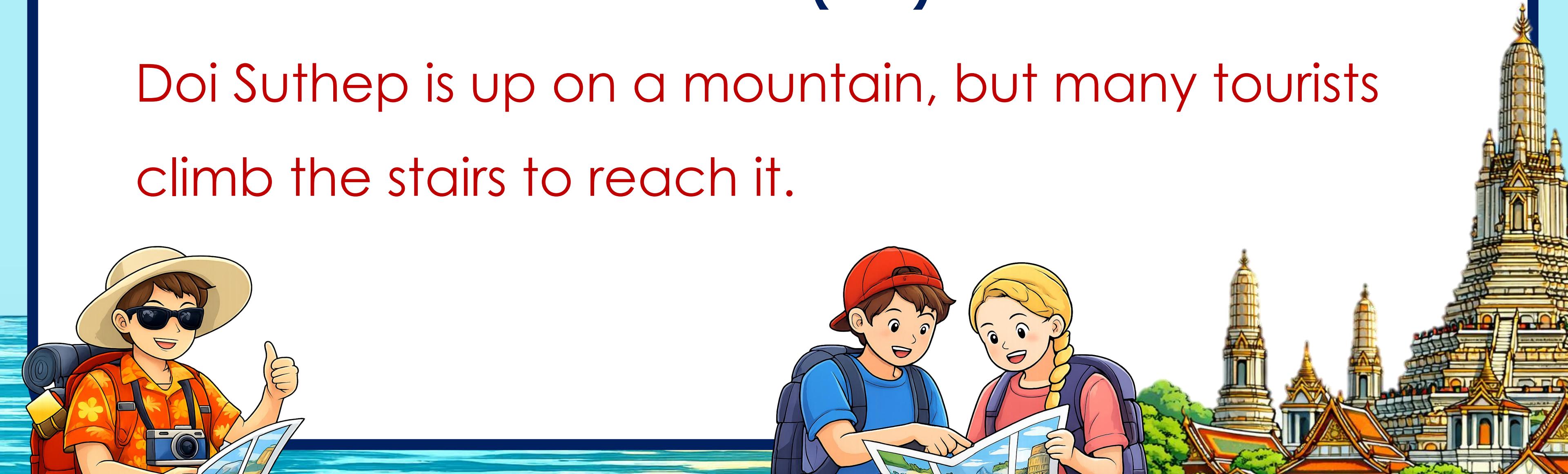


ใบงานที่ 1

Instructions: Read each sentence. Rewrite it using the correct conjunction: but, although, or even though.

6. Doi Suthep is up on a mountain. Many tourists climb the stairs to reach it. (but)

Doi Suthep is up on a mountain, but many tourists climb the stairs to reach it.



ใบงานที่ 1

Instructions: Read each sentence. Rewrite it using the correct conjunction: but, although, or even though.

7. I don't like spicy food. I tried Som Tam at the floating market. (even though)

Even though I don't like spicy food, I tried Som Tam at the floating market.



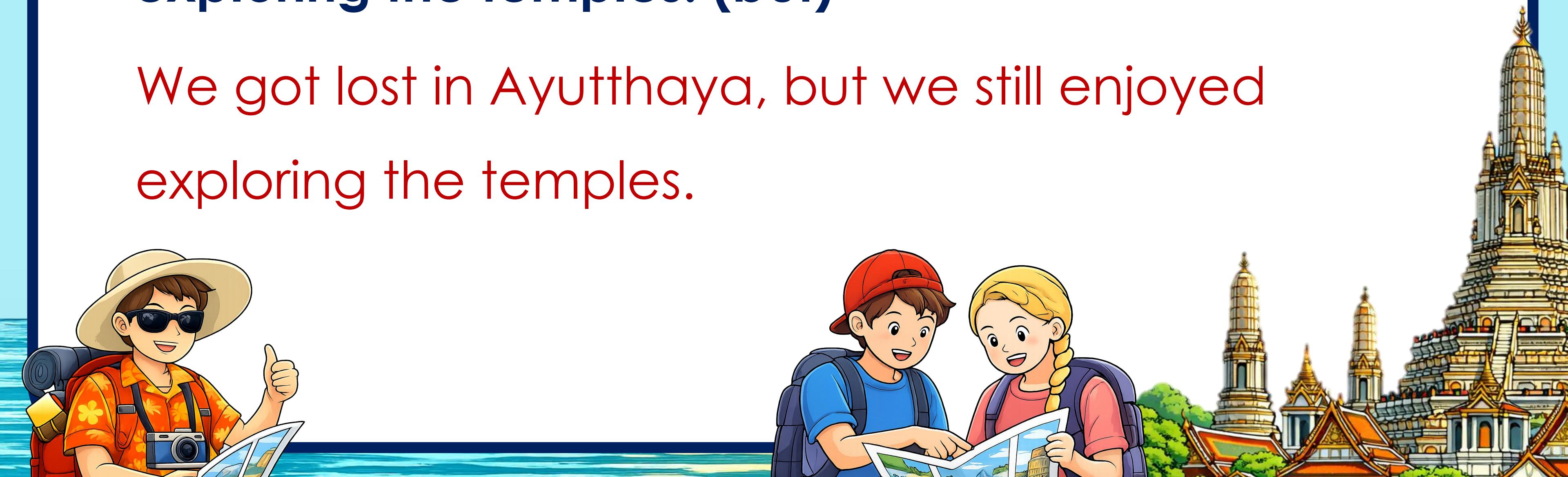
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ใบงานที่ 1

Instructions: Read each sentence. Rewrite it using the correct conjunction: but, although, or even though.

8. We got lost in Ayutthaya. We still enjoyed exploring the temples. (but)

We got lost in Ayutthaya, but we still enjoyed exploring the temples.

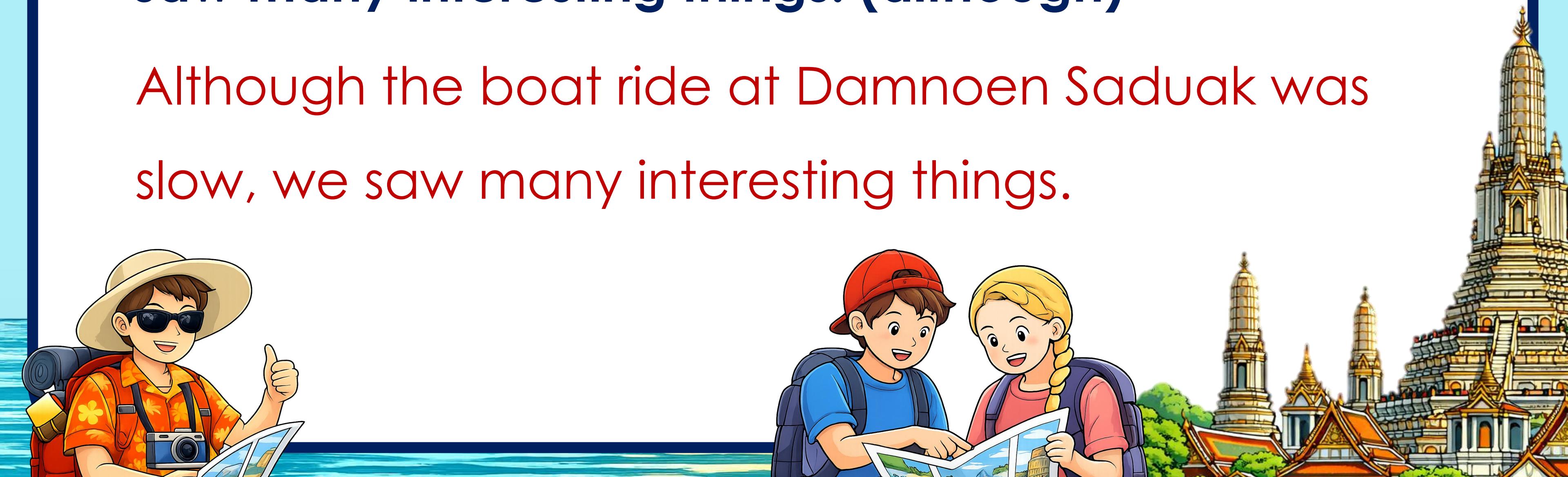


ใบงานที่ 1

Instructions: Read each sentence. Rewrite it using the correct conjunction: but, although, or even though.

9. The boat ride at Damnoen Saduak was slow. We saw many interesting things. (although)

Although the boat ride at Damnoen Saduak was slow, we saw many interesting things.



ใบงานที่ 1

Instructions: Read each sentence. Rewrite it using the correct conjunction: but, although, or even though.

10. **It was raining in Hua Hin. We played on the beach. (even though)**

Even though it was raining in Hua Hin, we played on the beach.



My Favorite Place

Choose **ONE place** you like or have visited.

(Example: a beach, a temple, a market, a waterfall, a city)

Write 5 sentences about the place.

Use: although at least 1 sentence

even though at least 1 sentence

though at least 1 sentence



My Favorite Place

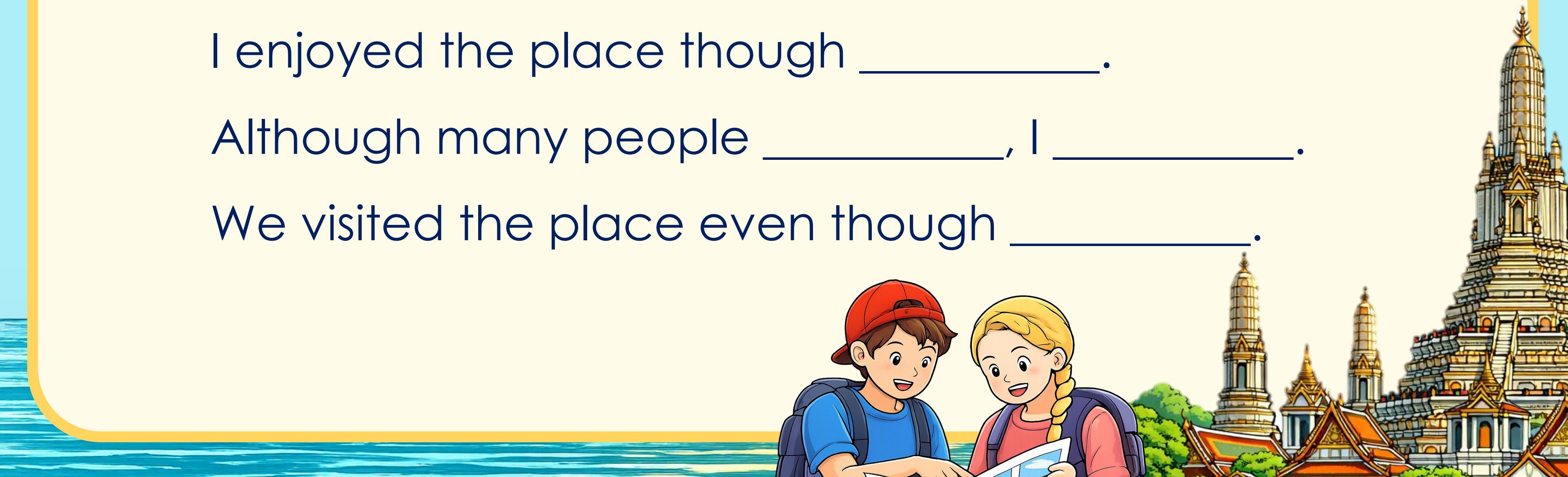
Although the place is _____, I _____.

Even though it was _____, we _____.

I enjoyed the place though _____.

Although many people _____, I _____.

We visited the place even though _____.



บทเรียนครั้งต่อไป

Travel Preferences

สามารถดาวน์โหลดได้ที่ www.dltv.ac.th



สิ่งที่ต้องเตรียม

- กิจกรรมที่ 1 เรื่อง This or That
- ใบงานที่ 1 เรื่อง Travel Preferences

สามารถดาวน์โหลดได้ที่ www.dltv.ac.th

