

รายวิชา ภาษาอังกฤษ

รหัสวิชา อ23101 ชั้นมัธยมศึกษาปีที่ 3

เรื่อง Transportation

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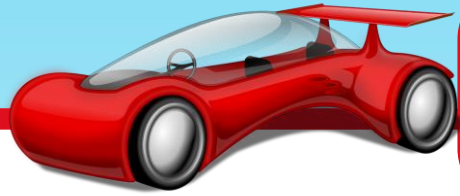
Transportation

Transportation



A Flying Car





A Flying Car

K What I Know	W What I Wonder	L What I Learned

จุดประสงค์การเรียนรู้

1. รู้และเข้าใจคำศัพท์เกี่ยวกับยานพาหนะและการเดินทางคมนาคมขนส่ง
2. ออกเสียงคำศัพท์เกี่ยวกับการเดินทางและยานพาหนะได้





Vocabulary

prototype (n.)

ต้นแบบ

the original model of something from which later forms are developed





regional (adj.)

relating to a part of a country





founder (n.) ผู้ก่อตั้ง ผู้ทำ, ผู้สร้าง

**someone who starts a new
business, organization, etc.**



transform (v.)

เปลี่ยนรูป, แปลง

to change something
in order to improve it



legal (adj.)

ที่ถูกต้องตามกฎหมาย

allowed by the law



vehicle (n.)

a machine, usually with wheels and an engine, used for transporting people or goods, especially on land



cruising (adj.)

เล่นไปมา, เล่นไปเรื่อย ๆ

driving around





framework (n.)

กรอบ, ขอบข่าย

a set of rules



Running Dictation

Runner



Writer



Running Dictation



The 'reader' is required to run to the paragraph and remember the missing words in the paragraph and run back to the 'writer' to tell them what to write down.

Running Dictation

The 'writer' writes down
what you hear from
the 'reader'.



Running Dictation



Exercise: Running Dictation

Paragraph: 1

For 'writer'

London (CNN Business) A _____ flying car has completed a test
_____ between two cities in Slovakia, spending 35 minutes _____.

It's hard to keep up with _____ these days. The latest example of
science fiction becoming _____ fact is a _____ car.

For _____, we have watched movies about a _____ with
flying cars. However, this is not only found in _____; it is now being
turned into _____!

Exercise: Running Dictation

Paragraph: 2

For 'writer'

_____ saw a real one in flight. A test _____ between two cities in Slovakia was completed by a _____ flying AirCar. The car _____ between a _____ airport and an airport in the capital city Bratislava. The 90km _____ took 35 minutes to complete. AirCar is from a _____ called Klein Vision. A _____ of the company said: "AirCar is no _____ just a proof of concept." He added: "Flying at [2,500 metres] at a _____ of [185kph], it has turned science fiction into a reality."

Exercise: Running Dictation

Paragraph: 3

For 'writer'

AirCar is a _____ car that _____ into an aircraft in less than three minutes. The _____ was flown and landed on its recent test _____ by AirCar CEO Professor Stefan Klein. After _____ at Bratislava Airport, the aircraft was transformed into a _____ car with one push of a _____. It was driven into _____ Bratislava on the city's _____. He described the flight as " _____ " and "very pleasant".

Exercise: Running Dictation

Paragraph: 4

For 'writer'

His _____ is working on a new, more _____ model called AirCar Prototype 2. This will have a much more powerful _____ that is _____ of a _____ speed of 300kph and a _____ of 1,000 _____. The newer _____ will also be a four-seater as opposed to the _____ that was _____ tested.

Exercise: Running Dictation

Paragraph: 5

For 'writer'

The _____ of flying _____ is being explored by a growing number of _____ despite _____ including safety and _____. Flying vehicles would need to _____ in the _____ airspace, near small _____ and traditional _____, and also would need a regulatory _____, which could take years.

Paragraph 1

Exercise: Running Dictation

London (CNN Business) A prototype flying car has completed a test flight between two cities in Slovakia, spending 35 minutes airborne. It's hard to keep up with technology these days. The latest example of science fiction becoming science fact is a flying car. For decades, we have watched movies about a future with flying cars. However, this is not only found in movies; it is now being turned into reality!

Paragraph 2

Exercise: Running Dictation

Journalists saw a real one in flight. A test flight between two cities in Slovakia was completed by a prototype flying AirCar. The car flew between a regional airport and an airport in the capital city Bratislava. The 90km journey took 35 minutes to complete. AirCar is from a company called Klein Vision. A founder of the company said: "AirCar is no longer just a proof of concept." He added: "Flying at [2,500 metres] at a speed of [185kph], it has turned science fiction into a reality."

Paragraph 3

Exercise: Running Dictation

AirCar is a road-legal car that transforms into an aircraft in less than three minutes. The vehicle was flown and landed on its recent test flight by AirCar CEO Professor Stefan Klein. After landing at Bratislava Airport, the aircraft was transformed into a sports car with one push of a button. It was driven into downtown Bratislava on the city's streets. He described the flight as "normal" and "very pleasant".

Paragraph 4

Exercise: Running Dictation

His company is working on a new, more powerful model called AirCar Prototype 2. This will have a much more powerful engine that is capable of a cruising speed of 300kph and a range of 1,000 kilometres. The newer model will also be a four-seater as opposed to the two-seater that was recently tested.

Paragraph 5

Exercise: Running Dictation

The potential of flying vehicles is being explored by a growing number of companies despite hurdles including safety and reliability. Flying vehicles would need to operate in the crowded airspace, near small drones and traditional airplanes, and also would need a regulatory framework, which could take years.



Let's wrap it up!

“Do you think people should be allowed to buy and drive AirCars?”

บทเรียนครั้งต่อไป

เรื่อง A Flying Car





สิ่งที่ต้องเตรียม

1. ใบงานที่ 1 เรื่อง A Flying Car
2. ใบงานที่ 3 เรื่อง “The Innovation of Transportation that Has Changed my Life?”

สามารถดาวน์โหลดใบความรู้และใบงานได้ที่

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**A developed country isn't
a place where the poor
have cars. It's where
the rich use
public transportation.**

Gustavo Petro